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# STRUCTURAL MONITORING USING GNSS TECHNOLOGY AND SEQUENTIAL FILTERING

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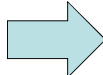
University of Bologna (Italy)  
School of Engineering and Architecture


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## Introduction

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Structural monitoring  great interest in Italy

 classical topographic techniques


Great improvement GNSS technique performance  
+  
lower equipment costs

 GNSS for structural monitoring


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## Introduction




GNSS station - rooftop - important historical building in Bologna (Italy)



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## The Garisenda tower



Bologna's cultural heritage  
Two towers:

- Asinelli
- **Garisenda (leaning)**

↓

stability problems

↓




- ✓ height = 48 m
- ✓ overhang = 3.22 m

foundation consolidated 1995 ca

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## The Experimentation

- GNSS station - BOGA
- installed October 2, 2013
- mobile-phone connection
- data continuously sent
- analysis center
- School of Engineering of Bologna

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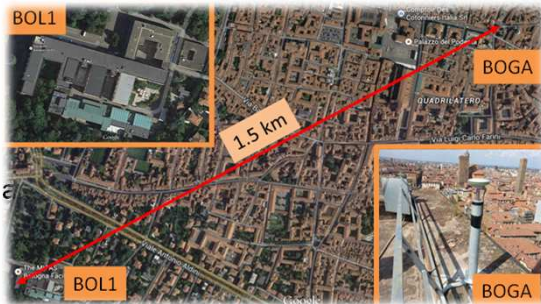
## Dataset

automatic data processing:

- daily positioning
- **kinematic solutions**


short baseline

- Rover Station: BOGA
- Master Station: BOL1 stable a



**15 days of RINEX data**

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## Software set up

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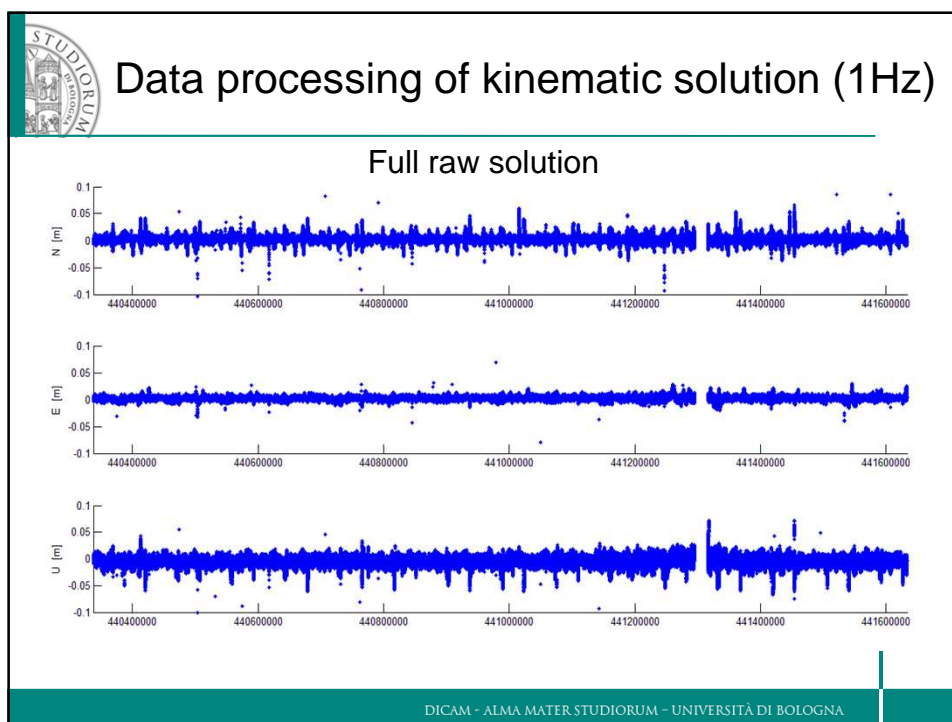
**SOFTWARE:**


- **RTKLIB** ver. 2.4.2
- Observable: Carrier Phase
- Frequencies: L1+L2
- Data sampling: 1Hz
- Constellations: GPS+GLONASS
- Satellite Ephemeris/Clock: IGS Precise








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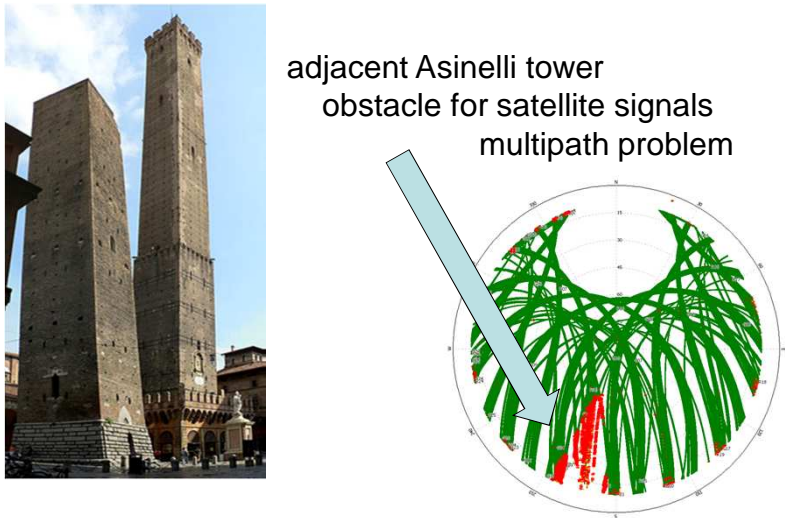
 Precision of GNSS survey

- baseline length  modeling of the atmosphere
- **multipath**  **nearby obstacles**
- **constellation geometry**


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 Example of GNSS problems

adjacent Asinelli tower  
obstacle for satellite signals  
multipath problem

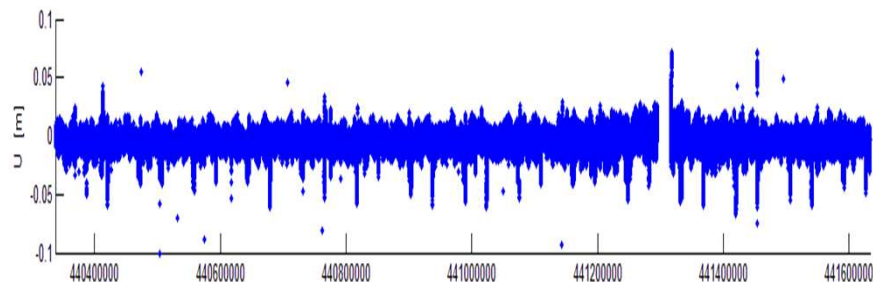


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## Why a filter?

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recurring spikes are evident

**model** in order to **eliminate**

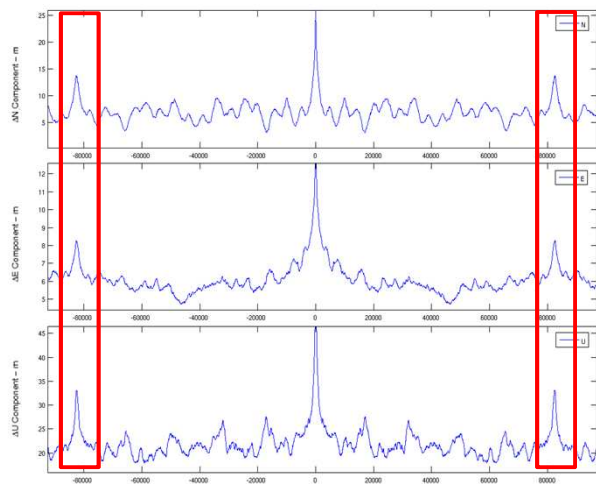
**improve precision**

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## Statistical Analysis

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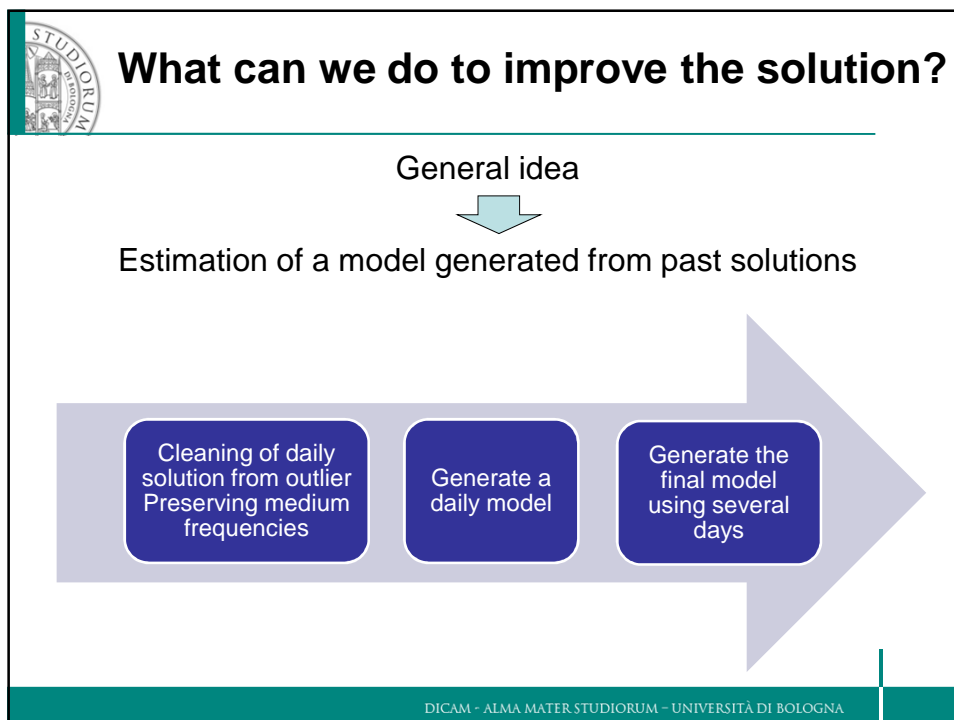
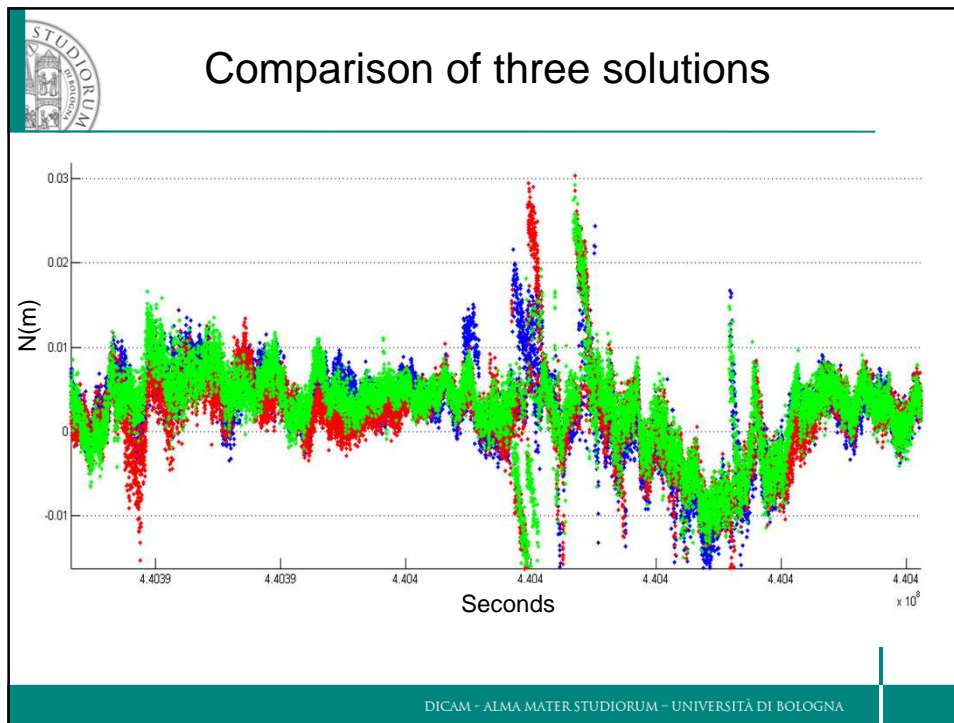
Autocorrelation function

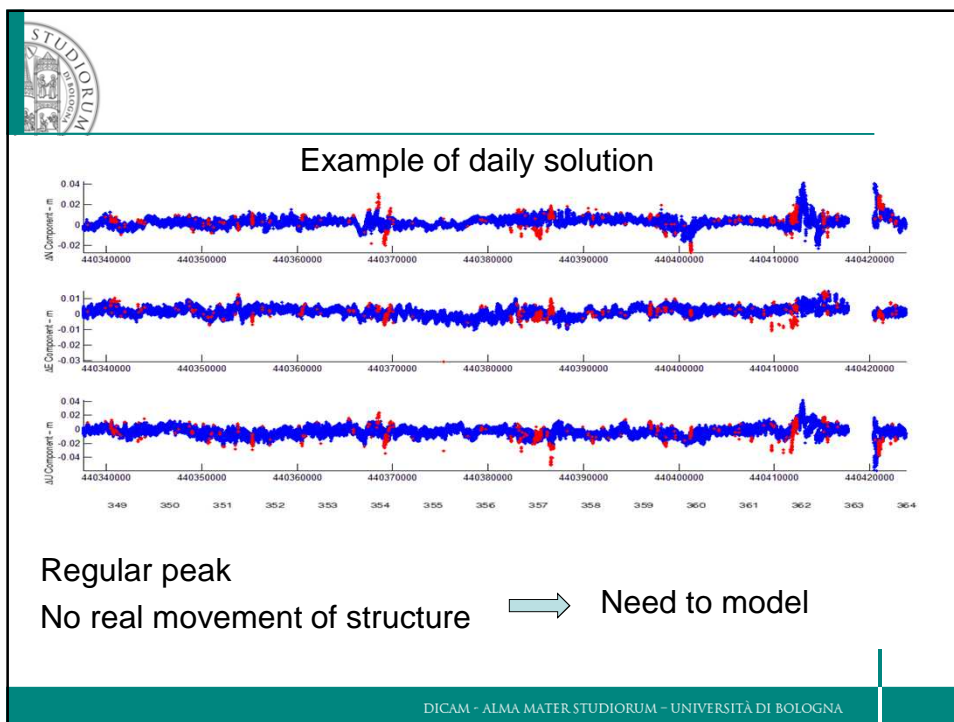
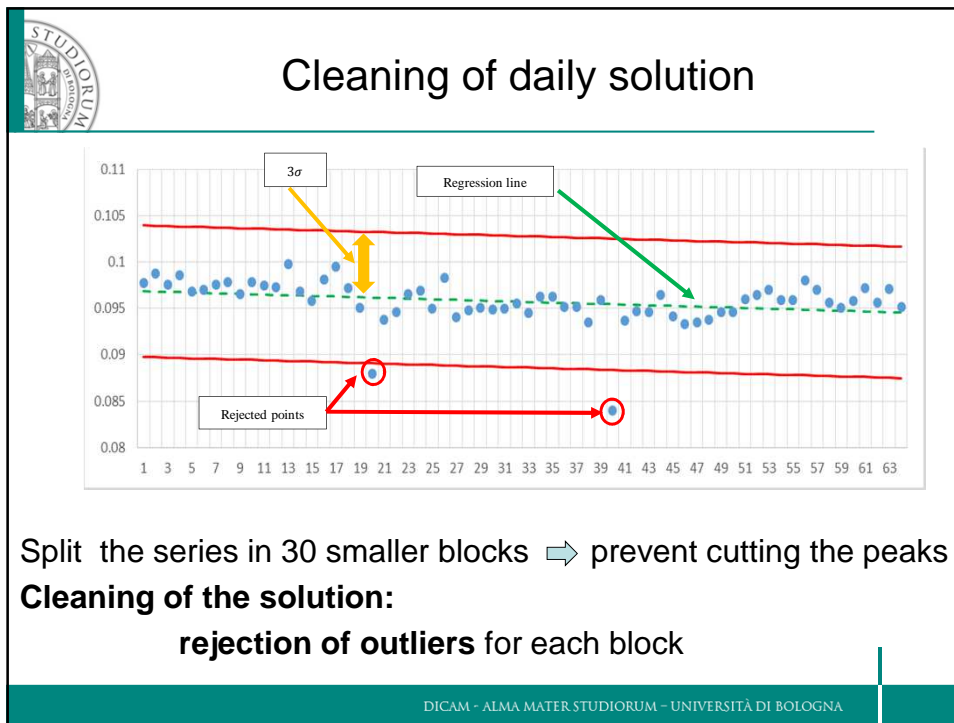
$$R_x(\tau) = \sum_{t=-\infty}^{\infty} X(t) * X(t + \tau)$$

Peak about every 86164 s

Sidereal day

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## How the Sequential Filter works

1. Daily model: moving average - every solution
2. Final Model: Average of N previous daily models
3. Filtered solution: Application of Final model to the relative solution


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## Results

Clean solution – Model – Filtered solution

COMPONENT	$\sigma^{CLEAN}$ (mm)	$\sigma^{FILTERED}$ (mm)	IMPROVEMENT %
N	4,8	3,8	20,9%
E	3,0	2,7	10,1%
U	7,1	5,8	18,4%

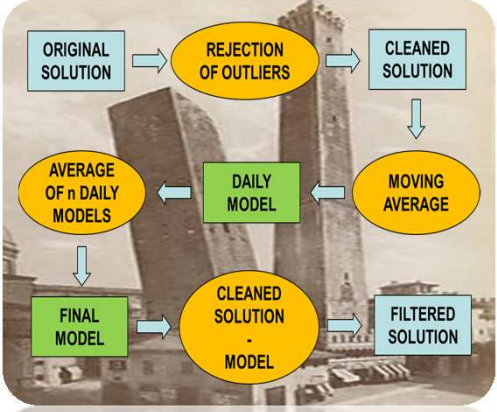
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## Conclusions

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- Structural monitoring - great interest in Italy
- Test **Garisenda Tower**
- Sequential filter on **6 preceding solutions**
- **Improvement up to 20%** in terms of scatter
- Future development
  - Application of this filter in real time



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